

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code HI93705A-0  
Product name Silica Reagent A

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Determination of Silica in Water Samples.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Hanna Instruments S.R.L.  
Full address str. Hanna Nr 1  
District and Country 457260 loc. Nusfalau (Salaj)  
Romania  
Tel. +40 260607700  
Fax +40 260607700

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet msds@hanna.ro

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to International: +1 7035273887 - UK, London: +44 2038073798 - CHEMTREC 24 hours/365 days

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

##### Hazard classification and indication:

|  |      |  |
|--|------|--|
| Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 | H290 | May be corrosive to metals.              |
| Skin corrosion, category 1A                          | H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| Serious eye damage, category 1                       | H318 | Causes serious eye damage.               |

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

##### Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

##### Hazard statements:

|      |  |
|------|--|
| H290 | May be corrosive to metals.              |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |

##### Precautionary statements:

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| P280           | Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.                           |
| P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].   |
| P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to |

**SECTION 2. Hazards identification** ... / >>

P310 do. Continue rinsing.  
 P391 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
 Collect spillage.

Contains: SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE

**2.3. Other hazards**

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration  $\geq$  0.1%.

**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

**3.2. Mixtures**

Contains:

| Identification                              | x = Conc. %     | Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)  |
|---|-----------------|--|
| <b>SULPHURIC ACID</b>                       |                 |  |
| INDEX 016-020-00-8                          | $9 \leq x < 15$ | Met. Corr. 1 H290, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: B                               |
| EC 231-639-5                                |                 | Met. Corr. 1 H290: $\geq$ 0,1%, Skin Corr. 1A H314: $\geq$ 15%, Skin Irrit. 2 H315: $\geq$ 5%, Eye Dam. 1 H318: $\geq$ 15%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: $\geq$ 5% |
| <b>CAS 7664-93-9</b>                        |                 |  |
| REACH Reg. 01-2119458838-20                 |                 |  |
| <b>AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE</b> |                 |  |
| INDEX                                       | $5 \leq x < 9$  |  |
| EC 234-722-4                                |                 |  |
| CAS 12054-85-2                              |                 |  |
| <b>SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE</b>  |                 |  |
| INDEX 016-046-00-X                          | $5 \leq x < 9$  | Eye Dam. 1 H318  |
| EC 231-665-7                                |                 |  |
| CAS 7681-38-1                               |                 |  |

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

**SECTION 4. First aid measures**

**4.1. Description of first aid measures**

**EYES:** Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

**SKIN:** Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

**INGESTION:** Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

**INHALATION:** Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

**4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

**SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE**

Irritant effects, Risk of blindness!.

**AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE**

The following applies to ammonium salts in general: after swallowing: local irritation symptoms, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea. Systemic effect: after the uptake of very large quantities: drop in blood pressure, collapse, CNS disorders, spasms, narcotic conditions, respiratory paralysis, haemolysis. Symptoms of an acute molybdenum(VI) intoxication: diarrhoea, anaemia (decreased haemoglobin concentration in the blood), fatigue. Toxic effect on liver and kidneys after high doses.

**SULPHURIC ACID**

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Irritation and corrosion, Cough, Shortness of breath, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Pain, Risk of blindness.

## SECTION 4. First aid measures ... / >>

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

#### UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

#### SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE

Not combustible. Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours. Fire may cause evolution of: Sulphur oxides. May not get in touch with: Water. The product reacts with water and generates heat.

#### AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE

Not combustible. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Fire may cause evolution of: nitrogen oxides.

#### SULPHURIC ACID

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Not combustible, Fire may cause evolution of Sulphur oxides.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

#### SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage ... / >>

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany): 8A

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

|     |                  |  |
|-----|------------------|--|
| AUS | Österreich       | Gesamte Rechtsvorschrift für Grenzwerteverordnung 2021 , Fassung vom 17.06.2021  |
| BEL | Belgique         | Liste de valeurs limites d'exposition aux agents chimiques, livre VI du code du bien-être au travail   |
| BGR | България         | НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)   |
| CHE | Suisse / Schweiz | Valeurs limites d'exposition aux postes de travail: VME/VLE (SUVA). Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz: MAK (SUVA)   |
| CZE | Česká Republika  | Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů   |
| DEU | Deutschland      | Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56  |
| DNK | Danmark          | Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019  |
| ESP | España           | Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021   |
| EST | Eesti            | Ohtlike kemikaalide ja neid sisaldavate materjalide kasutamise töötervishoiu ja tööohutuse nõuded ning töökeskkonna keemiliste ohutegurite piirnormid [RT I, 17.10.2019, 1 - jõust. 17.01.2020]  |
| FRA | France           | Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS   |
| FIN | Suomi            | HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH HÄLSOVÄRDSMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25   |
| GRC | Ελλάδα           | Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α' 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιογόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"» |
| HUN | Magyarország     | Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről  |
| HRV | Hrvatska         | Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemičkim tvarima na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)  |
| ITA | Italia           | Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81  |
| IRL | Éire             | 2020 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations (2001-2015) and the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Carcinogens) Regulations (2001-2019)  |
| LTU | Lietuva          | Jsakymas dėl lietuvis higienos normos hn 23:2011 „cheminių medžiagų profesinio poveikio ribiniai dydžiai. Matavimo ir poveikio vertinimo bendrieji reikalavimai“ patvirtinimo  |
| LVA | Latvija          | Grozījumi Ministru kabineta 2007. gada 15. maija noteikumos Nr. 325 "Darba aizsardzības prasības saskarē ar ķīmiskajām vielām darba vietās" (prot. Nr. 32 18. §; prot. Nr. 1 22. §)  |
| NOR | Norge            | Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdier), 21. august 2018 nr. 1255  |
| NLD | Nederland        | Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit  |
| POL | Polska           | Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy  |
| ROU | România          | Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006  |
| SWE | Sverige          | Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)  |
| SVK | Slovensko        | NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov   |
| SVN | Slovenija        | Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu  |

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

|           |                |   |
|-----------|----------------|---|
| GBR<br>EU | United Kingdom | (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)   |
|           | OEL EU         | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)<br>Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. |
|           | TLV-ACGIH      | ACGIH 2021  |

SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

|  |       |         |
|--|-------|---------|
| Normal value in fresh water                  | 11,9  | mg/l    |
| Normal value in marine water                 | 1,109 | mg/l    |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment        | 40,2  | mg/kg/d |
| Normal value for marine water sediment       | 4,02  | mg/kg/d |
| Normal value for water, intermittent release | 17,66 | mg/l    |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms           | 800   | mg/l    |
| Normal value for the terrestrial compartment | 1,54  | mg/kg/d |

AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE

Threshold Limit Value

| Type      | Country | TWA/8h |     | STEL/15min |     | Remarks / Observations      |
|-----------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-----|-----------------------------|
|           |         | mg/m3  | ppm | mg/m3      | ppm |                             |
| HTP       | FIN     | 0,5    |     |            |     | Mo                          |
| TLV-ACGIH |         | 0,5    |     |            |     | Molybdenum soluble compound |

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers |          |         |          | Effects on workers |          |         |                |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------|---------|----------|--------------------|----------|---------|----------------|
|                   | Acute                | Acute    | Chronic | Chronic  | Acute              | Chronic  | Chronic | Chronic        |
|                   | local                | systemic | local   | systemic | local              | systemic | local   | systemic       |
| Inhalation        |                      |          |         |          |                    | VND      |         | 19,36<br>mg/m3 |

**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**     ... / >>

**SULPHURIC ACID**

| Threshold Limit Value |         | SULPHURIC ACID |     |            |     | Remarks / Observations |
|-----------------------|---------|----------------|-----|------------|-----|------------------------|
| Type                  | Country | TWA/8h         |     | STEL/15min |     |                        |
|                       |         | mg/m3          | ppm | mg/m3      | ppm |                        |
| MAK                   | AUS     | 0,1            |     | 0,3        |     | INHAL                  |
| VLEP                  | BEL     | 1              |     | 3          |     |                        |
| TLV                   | BGR     | 1              |     |            |     |                        |
| MAK                   | CHE     | 0,1            |     | 0,1        |     | INHAL                  |
| TLV                   | CZE     | 1              |     | 2          |     |                        |
| AGW                   | DEU     | 0,1            |     | 0,1        |     | INHAL                  |
| MAK                   | DEU     | 0,1            |     | 0,1        |     | INHAL                  |
| TLV                   | DNK     | 1              |     |            |     |                        |
| VLA                   | ESP     | 0,05           |     |            |     |                        |
| TLV                   | EST     | 1              |     | 3          |     |                        |
| VLEP                  | FRA     | 0,05           |     | 3          |     | THORA                  |
| HTP                   | FIN     | 0,05           |     | 0,1        |     |                        |
| TLV                   | GRC     | 0,05           |     |            |     |                        |
| AK                    | HUN     | 1              |     | 1          |     |                        |
| GVI/KGVI              | HRV     | 1              |     | 3          |     |                        |
| VLEP                  | ITA     | 0,05           |     |            |     | THORA                  |
| OELV                  | IRL     | 0,05           | 1   |            |     |                        |
| RD                    | LTU     | 1              |     | 3          |     |                        |
| RV                    | LVA     | 1              |     |            |     |                        |
| TLV                   | NOR     | 0,1            |     |            |     |                        |
| TGG                   | NLD     | 0,05           |     |            |     | THORA                  |
| NDS/NDSch             | POL     | 1              |     | 3          |     |                        |
| TLV                   | ROU     | 0,5            |     | 1          |     |                        |
| NGV/KGV               | SWE     | 0,1            |     | 0,2        |     |                        |
| NPEL                  | SVK     | 0,1            |     | 0,1        |     |                        |
| MV                    | SVN     | 0,1            |     |            |     | INHAL                  |
| WEL                   | GBR     | 0,05           |     |            |     | THORA                  |
| OEL                   | EU      | 0,05           |     |            |     |                        |
| TLV-ACGIH             |         | 0,2            |     |            |     |                        |

**Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC**

|  |         |       |
|--|---------|-------|
| Normal value in fresh water            | 0,0025  | mg/l  |
| Normal value in marine water           | 0,00025 | mg/l  |
| Normal value for fresh water sediment  | 0,002   | mg/kg |
| Normal value for marine water sediment | 0,002   | mg/kg |
| Normal value of STP microorganisms     | 8,8     | mg/l  |

**Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL**

| Route of exposure | Effects on consumers |                |               |                  | Effects on workers |                |               |                  |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
|                   | Acute local          | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local        | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic |
| Inhalation        |                      |                |               |                  | 0,1 mg/m3          | VND            | 0,05 mg/m3    | VND              |

**Legend:**

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.  
VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

**AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE**

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norms UNI EN 482 and UNI EN 689.

**SULPHURIC ACID**

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norm OSHA ID-113.

**8.2. Exposure controls**

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

**HAND PROTECTION**

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

**SKIN PROTECTION**

**SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection** ... / >>

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

**EYE PROTECTION**

Wear a hood visor or protective visor combined with airtight goggles (see standard EN 166).

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

**ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

**SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

| Properties                             | Value            | Information                                |
|--|------------------|--|
| Appearance                             | liquid           |  |
| Colour                                 | colourless       |  |
| Odour                                  | odourless        |  |
| Melting point / freezing point         | not available    |  |
| Initial boiling point                  | not available    |  |
| Flammability                           | not available    |  |
| Lower explosive limit                  | not available    |  |
| Upper explosive limit                  | not available    |  |
| Flash point                            | not applicable   |  |
| Auto-ignition temperature              | not available    |  |
| Decomposition temperature              | not available    |  |
| pH                                     | 0,4              | Method:ASTM D1293-18<br>Temperature: 25 °C |
| Kinematic viscosity                    | not available    |  |
| Solubility                             | soluble in water |  |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | not available    |  |
| Vapour pressure                        | not available    |  |
| Density and/or relative density        | 1,2              |  |
| Relative vapour density                | not available    |  |
| Particle characteristics               | not applicable   |  |

**9.2. Other information**

**9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes**

Information not available

**9.2.2. Other safety characteristics**

|                              |                |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Total solids (250°C / 482°F) | 28,35 %        |
| Explosive properties         | not applicable |

**SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

**SULPHURIC ACID**

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Decomposes at 450°C/842°F, has a corrosive effect, strong oxidising agent.

**10.2. Chemical stability**

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

**SULPHURIC ACID**

## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Stable under standard ambient condition.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE

Exothermic reaction with: Water, Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, Alcohols.

#### AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE

Strong acids.

#### SULPHURIC ACID

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Violent reactions possible with: Water, Alkali metals, alkali compounds, Ammonia, Aldehydes, acetonitrile, Alkaline earth metals, alkalines, Acids, alkaline earth compounds, Metals, metal alloys, Oxides of phosphorus, phosphorus, hydrides, halogen-halogen compounds, oxyhalogenic compounds, permanganates, nitrates, carbides, combustible substances, organic solvent, acetylidene, Nitriles, organic nitro compounds, anilines, Peroxides, picrates, nitrides, lithium silicide, iron(III) compounds, bromates, chlorates, Amines, perchlorates, hydrogen peroxide.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

#### AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE

Heating (decomposition).

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

#### SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE

Metals.

#### SULPHURIC ACID

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Animal/vegetable tissues, Metals. Contact with metals liberates hydrogen gas.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

#### SULPHURIC ACID

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Sulphur oxide.

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE

Acute inhalation toxicity, Symptoms: Possible damages, mucosal irritations, Inhalation may lead to the formation of oedemas in the respiratory tract - Eye irritation rabbit, Result: Causes burns, Risk of blindness! Causes serious eye damage.

#### AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure, The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure - Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure - Aspiration hazard, Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### SULPHURIC ACID

SULPHURIC ACID 98% - Skin irritation: causes severe burns - Eye irritation: causes serious eye damage, risk of blindness!

#### Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

#### Interactive effects

Information not available



## SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

### ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)  
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)  
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

#### SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE

LD50 (Oral): 2490 mg/kg Rat  
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): 2,4 mg/l/4h

#### SULPHURIC ACID

LD50 (Oral): 2140 mg/kg Rat

### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

## SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

### 12.1. Toxicity

#### SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE

Toxicity to bacteria, EC10 *Pseudomonas putida*: > 1.000 mg/l, 16 h, DIN 38412 (anhydrous substance).

#### SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE

LC50 - for Fish 7960 mg/l/96h *Pimephales promelas*  
EC50 - for Crustacea 190 mg/l/48h *Daphnia magna*

## SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE  
EC50 - for Crustacea 1020 mg/l/48h

SULPHURIC ACID  
LC50 - for Fish 42 mg/l/96h *Gambusia affinis*  
EC50 - for Crustacea 42,5 mg/l/48h  
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 100 mg/l/72h

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE  
Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l  
Degradability: information not available

SULPHURIC ACID  
Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l  
Degradability: information not available

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

SODIUM HYDROGEN SULFATE MONOHYDRATE  
Biological effects: Harmful effect due to pH shift. Further information on ecology, Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SULPHURIC ACID  
SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Biological effect: Forms corrosive mixture with water even if diluted, Harmful effect due to pH shift, Endangers drinking-water supplies if allowed to enter soil or water, Discharge into the environment must to be avoid.

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

## SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

#### CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## SECTION 14. Transport information

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3264

SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SULFURIC ACID, SODIUM BISULFATE, MIXTURE)  
 IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SULFURIC ACID, SODIUM BISULFATE, MIXTURE)  
 IATA: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SULFURIC ACID, SODIUM BISULFATE, MIXTURE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8



IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8



IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO  
 IMDG: NO  
 IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

|            |                      |                         |                              |
|------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| ADR / RID: | HIN - Kemler: 80     | Limited Quantities: 1 L | Tunnel restriction code: (E) |
|            | Special provision: - |                         |                              |
| IMDG:      | EMS: F-A, S-B        | Limited Quantities: 1 L |                              |
| IATA:      | Cargo:               | Maximum quantity: 30 L  | Packaging instructions: 855  |
|            | Pass.:               | Maximum quantity: 1 L   | Packaging instructions: 851  |
|            | Special provision:   | A3, A803                |                              |

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

|                            |    |
|----------------------------|----|
| <u>Product</u>             |    |
| Point                      | 3  |
| <u>Contained substance</u> |    |
| Point                      | 75 |

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Regulated explosives precursor

The acquisition, introduction, possession or use of that regulated explosives precursor by members of the general public is subject to reporting obligations as set out in Article 9.

All suspicious transactions and significant disappearances and thefts must be reported to the relevant national contact point.

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017)

WGK 1: Low hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

SULPHURIC ACID

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| Met. Corr. 1  | Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 |
| Skin Corr. 1A | Skin corrosion, category 1A                          |
| Eye Dam. 1    | Serious eye damage, category 1                       |
| H290          | May be corrosive to metals.                          |
| H314          | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.             |
| H318          | Causes serious eye damage.                           |

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02 / 03 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.