

# DISCO TAQ DNA POLYMERASE, GLYCEROL FREE

With 10x Standard Buffer (15 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>)

Concentration: 5 units/µl

Cat. No.: 257584 5000 Units

MADE IN **DENMARK** 

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	ı	Disco Taq DNA Polymerase Glycerol free 5 U/µl	10x Standard Buffer, 15 mM MgCl₂	MgCl <sub>2</sub> 25 mM	
	ID No.	CL0.100-0019	CL5.000-0009	CL5.000-0047	
Ī	Cap colour	Black	Clear	Clear	
	Content	10 x 100 μl	3 x 5 ml	3 x 5 ml	

### **Key Features**

Disco Taq DNA Polymerase is a thermostable, recombinant DNA polymerase, which exhibits very high activity in primer extension and other molecular biology applications. The enzyme is isolated from *Thermus aquaticus* and has a molecular weight of approximately 94 kDa. Disco Taq DNA Polymerase has a  $5'\rightarrow 3'$  DNA polymerase and a  $5'\rightarrow 3'$  exonuclease activity. The enzyme lacks a  $3'\rightarrow 5'$  exonuclease activity (no proofreading ability). Disco Taq DNA Polymerase leaves an A' overhang, which makes the enzyme ideal for TA cloning.

Disco Taq DNA Polymerase Glycerol free is ideal for freeze drying and automation.

### **Kit Components**

Disco Taq DNA Polymerase in Storage Buffer, Glycerol free 5 U/ $\mu$ l Taq, 20 mM Tris-HCl pH 8.3, 100 mM KCl, 0.1 mM EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 0.5% Tween $^{\$}$  20.

### 10x Standard Buffer

Tris-HCl pH 8.5, KCl, 15 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 1% Tween<sup>®</sup> 20.

Standard Buffer is the traditional potassium (K<sup>+</sup>) buffer. Standard Buffer promotes high specificity and careful optimization of primer annealing temperatures and Mg<sup>2+</sup> concentrations may be required.

# 25 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>

# **Recommended Storage and Stability**

Long term storage at -20  $^{\circ}\text{C}.$  Product expiry at -20  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  is stated on the label.

Option: Store at +4 °C for up to 6 months.

# **Quality Control**

Disco Taq DNA Polymerase is tested for contaminating activities, with no traces of endonuclease activity, nicking activity or exonuclease activity.

# **Unit Definition**

One unit is defined as the amount of polymerase that incorporates 10 nmol of dNTPs into acid-precipitable DNA in 30 minutes at 72  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  under standard assay conditions.

#### **Protocol**

This protocol serves as a guideline to ensure optimal PCR results when using Disco Taq DNA Polymerase. Optimal reaction conditions such as incubation times, temperatures and amount of template DNA may vary and must be determined individually.

- Thaw Solutions. It is important to thaw all solutions completely (some buffers need to reach room temperature) and mix thoroughly before use to avoid localized concentrations of salts. Keep all components on ice.
- Set up reaction mixtures in an area separate from that used for DNA preparation or product analysis. Work on ice at all times.
- Prepare a master mix according to Table 1. The master mix typically contains all the components needed for extension except the template DNA.

Table 1. Reaction components (master mix and template DNA)

Table 11 Reaction components (master mix and template 2107)						
Component	Vol./reaction*	Final concentration*				
10x Buffer	5 μΙ	1x				
25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub>	0 μl (0 – 6 μl)	1.5 mM (1.5 – 4.5 mM)  0.2 mM of each dNTP				
dNTP mix (12.5 mM each)	0.8 μΙ					
Primer A (10 μM)	1 μl (0.5 – 5 μl)	0.2 μM (0.1 – 1.0 μM)				
Primer B (10 μM)	1 μl (0.5 – 5 μl)	0.2 μM (0.1 – 1.0 μM)  1 unit (1 – 5 units) -				
Taq DNA Pol.	0.2 μl (0.2 – 1 μl)					
PCR-grade H <sub>2</sub> O	Χ μΙ					
Template DNA	ХμΙ	genomic DNA: 50 ng (10 – 500 ng) plasmid DNA: 0.5 ng (0.1 – 1 ng) bacterial DNA: 5 ng (1 – 10 ng)				
TOTAL volume	50 μΙ	-				

<sup>\*</sup> Suggested starting conditions; theoretically used conditions in brackets. The final volume can be reduced to 25  $\mu$ l by using half of the volumes suggested in Vol./reaction, eg. 0.1  $\mu$ l Taq instead of 0.2  $\mu$ l Taq.

- Mix the master mix thoroughly and dispense appropriate volumes into reaction tubes. Mix gently, e.g. by pipetting the master mix up and down a few times.
- Add template DNA to the individual tubes containing the master mix.
- Program the thermal cycler according to the manufacturer's instructions.
  - For maximum yield and specificity, temperatures and cycling times should be optimized for each new template target or primer pair.
- 7. Place the tubes in the thermal cycler and start the reaction.

Three-step PCR program

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Cycles	Duration of cycle	Temperature			
1	2 – 5 minutes <sup>a</sup>	95 °C			
25 – 35	20 – 30 seconds <sup>b</sup>	95 °C			
	20 – 40 seconds <sup>c</sup>	50 – 65 °C			
	30 seconds <sup>d</sup>	72 °C			
1	5 minutes <sup>e</sup>	72 °C			

a. Initial denaturation step (optional).

b. Denaturation step: This step is the first regular cycling event and consists of heating the reaction to 95 °C for 20 – 30 seconds. It causes melting of the DNA template by disrupting the hydrogen bonds between complementary bases, yielding single-stranded DNA molecules.

- <sup>c</sup> Annealing step: The reaction temperature is lowered to 50-65 °C for 20-40 seconds allowing annealing of the primers to the single-stranded DNA template. Typically, the annealing temperature is about 3-5 °C below the  $T_m$  (melting temperature) of the primers used.
- d. Extension/elongation step: Taq polymerase has its optimum activity temperature at 72 °C. At this step the DNA polymerase synthesizes a new DNA strand complementary to the DNA template strand. The extension time depends on the length of the DNA fragment to be amplified. As a rule of thumb, at its optimum temperature the DNA polymerase will polymerize a thousand bases per minute.
- e. Final elongation: This single step is occasionally performed at a temperature of 72 °C for 5 minutes after the last PCR cycle to ensure that any remaining single-stranded DNA is fully extended.

#### Notes:

■ 15 mM MgCl₂ is present in 10x PCR Buffer. The 1x concentration is 1.5 mM MgCl₂. In some applications, more than 1.5 mM MgCl₂ is required for best results. For this reason, 25 mM MgCl₂ is included in the kit. Table 2 provides the volume of 25 mM MgCl₂ to be added to the master mix if a higher MgCl₂ concentration is required.

Table 2. Additional volume (μl) of MgCl<sub>2</sub> per 50 μl reaction

Final MgCl <sub>2</sub> conc. in reaction (mM)	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0	4.5
Volume of 25 mM MgCl <sub>2</sub>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6

 For longer DNA targets more DNA polymerase could be added to the PCR master mix.

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostics procedures.

Other product sizes, combinations and customized solutions are available. Please look at www.dutscher.com or ask for our complete product list for PCR Enzymes. For customized solutions please contact us.

Made in Denmark

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