

Minisart® -RC | SRP | NY | PES

Sartorius Syringe Filters: Reliable and Ultrapure

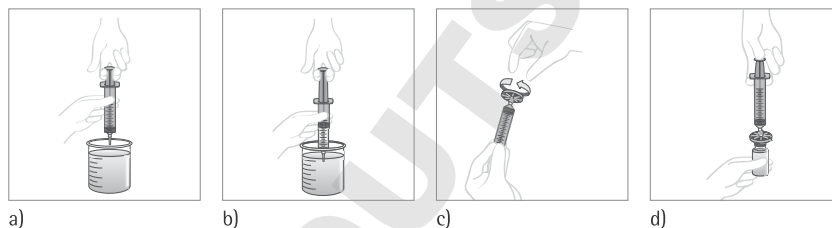
Sartorius ultrapure Minisart® filters are ideal for preparation of analytical samples. Minisart® filters are manufactured at our own plant in Goettingen, Germany, and are required to meet the strictest quality standards. As a result, Sartorius sets the standards in both high flow rates and total throughput. At the same time, these syringe filters are virtually free of extractables, delivering an ultrapure filtrate.

Choose the right Minisart® syringe filter to optimize preparation of your samples for HPLC, UHPLC, LC/MS or a different analytical method. All Minisart® syringe filters listed below are certified for HPLC. Our recommended syringe filters for LC/MS and other analytical procedures are identified accordingly.

Applications

- **Minisart® RC** for ultracleaning of aqueous and organic solutions
- **Minisart® NY** for ultracleaning of aqueous and organic solutions
- **Minisart® PES** specially designed for ultracleaning of aqueous protein solutions (containing up to 30% MeOH)
- **Minisart® SRP** with a hydrophobic PTFE membrane for ultracleaning of aggressive liquids and gases
- **Minisart® RC|SRP|NY**, individually sterile-packaged (identified by suffix -ACK), for immediate sterile filtration of liquids

Instructions for Use



If possible, draw a slight amount of air (at least 1 ml) into a syringe (a). Then fill the syringe with the liquid to be filtered: pull the plunger upwards to draw this liquid from a suitable container into the syringe (b). If required, remove any remaining liquid from the tip of the syringe and attach a Minisart® to the luer lock or luer slip connector on the filled syringe (c). Apply consistent pressure to press in the plunger of the syringe in order to filter the liquid through the Minisart® filter into a suitable vial for collection (d). Afterwards, press the plunger all the way in so that the air cushion initially created will discharge any liquid remaining in the inlet and outlet of the filter. As a result, this will reduce the hold-up volume.

Caution!

1. Take care when using syringes with a volume of less than 10 ml, as they can easily generate a pressure greater than the maximum recommended pressure resistance of 6 bar (87 psi) for Minisart®. Therefore, slowly press in the plunger on a syringe with a volume of less than 10 ml. As soon as you detect considerable resistance (= max. filter pressure capacity), do not use force while continuing to press the plunger. Otherwise, you can damage the filter, and filtration will no longer guarantee an ultrapure filtrate.
2. Minisart® is designed for bidirectional use. However, once you have selected one direction of filtration, be sure to maintain this direction. Never use the same syringe filter for both directions! For sterile filtration according to the BCT (see Table 1), you MUST use Minisart® RC in the following direction only: from the female luer inlet to which the syringe is attached to the male luer slip outlet.

Note

1. If you would like to achieve maximum recovery of your sample to be filtered, detach the syringe from the syringe filter and draw air once more into the syringe. After reconnecting the syringe and filter, use the air cushion created in this way to press out the remaining liquid. To do so, you will have to apply pressure beyond the bubble point of the particular Minisart® membrane incorporated (see Table 1). This will reduce the hold-up volume to the lowest possible amount.
2. Our filters are leading in terms of purity (see also recommendation for various analytical procedures), so prerinsing is usually not necessary. For extremely sensitive analytical methods, you may need to additionally prerinse the particular syringe filter you use with 0.5–2 ml of ultrapure water or ultrapure running buffer or wash buffer. This way, you can be sure that you have removed even the slightest traces of extractables. To avoid diluting exceptionally small sample volumes as far as possible, apply the technique described (step 1 above) to press out the remaining traces of rinse liquid using the air cushion before performing actual filtration.
3. Use a Minisart® for only one sample to reliably prevent carrying over residues of one sample to the next.
4. You will find an overview of chemical compatibilities in the 'Minisart® Chemical Compatibility Guide' on our website.

Table 1

Specifications for Minisart® RC SRP NY PES with 4 15 25 mm membrane filtration area Ø								
Housing material	Polypropylene (PP)							
Membranes	– RC = Regenerated Cellulose – NY = Polyamide – SRP: hydrophobic PTFE = Polytetrafluoroethylene – PES = Polyethersulfone							
Application limits	Max. recommended operating pressure 4.5 bar 65 psi							
Housing burst pressure	>7 bar 102 psi							
Max. temperature	121°C, 30 min (autoclavable)							
Sterilization	Non-sterile Minisart® can be autoclaved or sterilized by ethylene oxide sterilization (EO)							
Minisart® type	RC 0.2 µm	RC 0.2 µm	RC 0.45 µm	SRP 0.2 µm	SRP 0.45 µm	NY 0.2 µm	NY 0.45 µm	PES 0.2 µm
– Non-sterile packs: 50 (K), 200 (S), 500 (Q), 1000 (R)	K S Q R	ACK	K S Q R	K S Q ACK	K S Q ACK	K Q R ACK	K Q R ACK	K Q ACK
– sterile packs: individually packaged, 50 (ACK)								
Bubble point (≥)	with water 3.0 bar 44 psi	with water 4.6 bar 67 psi	with water 2.0 bar 29 psi	with ethanol 1.4 bar 20 psi	with ethanol 0.9 bar 13 psi	with water 3.0 bar 44 psi	with water 2.0 bar 29 psi	with water 3.2 bar 46 psi
Flow rate, 4 mm Ø = 0.07 cm² filter area Hold-up volume¹: 5–10 µl (▶ ml/min)								
with water at 1 bar	0.5	–	1.5	–	–	–	–	1.5
with methanol at 1 bar	1.5	–	3.0	2.0	4.5	–	–	– ⁴
with air at 0.1 bar	– ²	–	– ²	30	60	–	–	– ²
Flow rate, 15 mm Ø = 1.7 cm² filter area Hold-up volume¹: 30–100 µl (▶ ml/min)								
with water at 1 bar	20	10	40	–	–	20	40	40
with methanol at 1 bar	55	25	105	55	150	40	110	– ⁴
with air at 0.1 bar	– ²	– ²	– ²	800	1600	– ²	– ²	– ²
Flow rate, 25 mm Ø = 4.8 cm² filter area Hold-up volume¹: 100–200 µl (▶ ml/min)								
with water at 1 bar	80	50	160	–	–	50	100	100
with methanol at 1 bar	160	90	325	160	260	70	200	– ⁴
with air at 0.1 bar	– ²	– ²	– ²	1800	3000	– ²	– ²	– ²
Water penetration point	–	–	–	> 4.0 bar 58 psi ³	> 3.0 bar 44 psi ³	–	–	–
Sterile filtration capability ⁵ acc. to BCT	no	yes	no	yes	no	yes	no	yes
Main applications	universal hydrophilic filter with very low non-specific binding, compatible with many aggressive hydrophilic solutions			universal hydro- phobic filter with very low non- specific binding suitable for almost all aggressive solutions, air and gases		hydrophilic filter with low non- specific binding, higher compati- bility with bases than RC		hydrophilic filter mainly for protein solutions, limited chemical compati- bility

¹ Hold-up volume after air purge. For minimum hold-up please see "Note|Hinweis|Remarques|Nota|Note 1"

² Hydrophilic membranes can filter dry air or gas but become impermeable to air or gas when wetted!

³ Hydrophobic membranes cannot be wetted with aqueous solutions unless you overcome their water penetration point or pre-wet them using an organic solvent (e.g. ethanol)

⁴ PES is suitable for solutions only containing up to 30% MeOH

⁵ According to bacterial challenge test (BCT) with 10⁷ *Brevundimonas diminuta*. Non-sterile RC Minisart® types are optimized for sample preparation and are not suitable for sterile filtration according to the BCT. All other non-sterile Minisart® types listed above can be sterilized by autoclaving or EO before use for sterile filtration.

Table 2

Ø mm	Pore Size	Qty. Pk	Order Number	HPLC	LC MS
Minisart® RC (Regenerated Cellulose+PP)					
25 mm	0.2 µm	50	17764-----ACK	●	
25 mm	0.2 µm	50	17764-----K	●	
25 mm	0.2 µm	200	17764-----S	●	
25 mm	0.2 µm	500	17764-----Q	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	50	17765-----K	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	200	17765-----S	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	500	17765-----Q	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	1000	17765-----R	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	50	17761-----ACK	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	50	17761-----K	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	500	17761-----Q	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	1000	17761-----R	●	
15 mm	0.45 µm	50	17762-----K	●	
15 mm	0.45 µm	500	17762-----Q	●	
4 mm	0.2 µm	50	17821-----K	●	
4 mm	0.2 µm	500	17821-----Q	●	
4 mm	0.45 µm	50	17822-----K	●	
4 mm	0.45 µm	500	17822-----Q	●	
Minisart® NY (Polyamide+PP)					
25 mm	0.2 µm	50	17845-----ACK	●	
25 mm	0.2 µm	500	17845-----Q	●	
25 mm	0.2 µm	1000	17845-----R	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	50	17846-----ACK	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	500	17846-----Q	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	1000	17846-----R	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	50	1776B-----K	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	500	1776B-----Q	●	
15 mm	0.45 µm	50	1776C-----K	●	
Minisart® SRP (PTFE+PP)					
25 mm	0.2 µm	50	17575-----ACK	●	
25 mm	0.2 µm	50	17575-----K	●	
25 mm	0.2 µm	200	17575-----S	●	
25 mm	0.2 µm	500	17575-----Q	●	
25 mm	0.2 µm	500	1757A-----Q	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	50	17576-----K	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	200	17576-----S	●	
25 mm	0.45 µm	500	17576-----Q	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	50	17558-----K	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	500	17558-----Q	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	50	17573-----ACK	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	50	17573-----K	●	
15 mm	0.2 µm	500	17573-----Q	●	
15 mm	0.45 µm	50	17559-----K	●	
15 mm	0.45 µm	500	17559-----Q	●	
15 mm	0.45 µm	50	17574-----K	●	
15 mm	0.45 µm	500	17574-----Q	●	
4 mm	0.2 µm	500	17844-----Q	●	
4 mm	0.45 µm	50	17820-----K	●	
4 mm	0.45 µm	500	17820-----Q	●	
Minisart® PES (Polyethersulfone+PP)					
15 mm	0.2 µm	50	1776D-----ACK	●	●

For higher sample volumes and special applications Sartorius recommends the following Minisart® syringe filter types:

- Minisart® NY25 Plus (Glass Fiber 1.2 µm + Polyamide membrane) for highly particle laden samples
- Minisart® High Flow (PES - Polyethersulfone) for ultrapure filtration and sterilization of protein solutions additives and cell culture buffers
- Minisart® NML (SFCA - Surfactant-free Cellulose Acetate) for ultrapure filtration and sterilization of aqueous solutions and drugs
- Minisart® NML Plus (Glass Fiber 1.2 µm + SFCA) for highly particle laden aqueous samples
- Minisart® Ophthalmart (SFCA - Cellulose Acetate) for aqueous filtration of eye solutions
- Minisart® Air (hydrophobic PTFE) for venting & gas filtration
- Minisart® HY (hydrophobic PTFE) for venting & gas filtration
- Minisart® Acticosart with dome reservoir + hydrophobic PTFE, venting & ultracleaning of gases

Quality Assurance Certificate



Minisart is manufactured by Sartorius in accordance with the Applicable Good Manufacturing Practice Standards and in a facility whose Quality Management System is certified for compliance with the DIN EN ISO 9001 Quality System Standard and DIN EN ISO 13485.

Sterile, individually packed products were sterilized using a validated process following DIN/EN ISO 11135 regulations.

Each unit is tested 100% during manufacture for membrane and housing integrity by a leakage test under automatic conditions. The lot no. alone or lot no. with one of the following: pore size, ID no., material type, order no. are printed on top of the housing and/or Tyvek. Before packing each unit has been checked by visual inspection.

Minisart is biosafe according to the USP Class VI Biological tests for Plastics. It also complies with the Title 21 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 210.3(b)(6) and 211.72 for non-fiber-releasing filters.

Following 100% control, each lot has been sampled, tested and released by QA Department for the following characteristics:

Non-Sterile and Sterile Products
 Burst Pressure Test
 Bubble Point Test
 Pressure Hold Test
 Flow Rate Performance

Additional Tests for 0.2 µm Pore Size
 Sterile Filtration Capability (Bacterial Challenge Test)

Additional Tests for Sterile Products
 Sterility

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Date

Hartmut Hennig

Dr. Hartmut Hennig,
 Site Manager QA Filtration Products



Manufactured by
 Sartorius Stedim Biotech GmbH
 August-Spindler-Strasse 11
 37079 Goettingen, Germany
 www.sartorius.com

Symbols

Nicht zur Wiederverwendung Single Use Ne pas réutiliser No reutilizable Monouso	LOT Chargenbezeichnung Lot Number Code du lot Número de lote Numero di lotto	pyrogenfrei non-pyrogenic non pyrogène Apirógeno Apirogeno
REF Bestellnummer Order Number Référence du catalogue Número de referencia Codice d'ordine	STERILE E Sterilisation mit Ethylenoxid sterilized, ETO Méthode de stérilisation utilisant de l'oxyde d'éthylène Esterilización por ETO Sterilizzazione con ETO	PS Porengröße Pore size Taille de pore Tamaño de poro Porosità
Achtung! Warning! Attention! Atención! Attenzione!	STERILE R Sterilisation durch Bestrahlung sterilized, irradiated Méthode de stérilisation utilisant l'irradiation Esterilización por radiación Sterilizzazione per irradiazione	Temperaturbegrenzung maximum and minimum temperature Limite de température Temperatura máxima y mínima Temperatura massima e minima
Hersteller Manufacturer Fabricant Fabricante Produttore	STERILE I Sterilisation mit Dampf sterilized, hot steam Méthode de stérilisation utilisant la vapeur ou la chaleur sèche Esterilización por vapor caliente Sterilizzazione con vapore caldo	
IVD In-Vitro-Diagnostika In-Vitro-Diagnostics Dispositif médical de diagnostic in vitro Para uso en diagnóstico in vitro Per uso diagnostico in vitro	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten Consult instructions for use Consulter le mode d'emploi Consulte las instrucciones de uso Consultare le istruzioni per l'uso	
verwendbar bis Use before Utiliser jusqu'au Fecha caducidad Data di scadenza		