

PROTECTION PROPERTIES

| RISKS | Description | Norm |
|-----------------|--|---|
| Micro-organisms | 1000 ml water test. Performance level 3, AQL < 0.25 (inspection level G1). | ISO 374-2:2019 |
| Viruses | Viral penetration test using Phi-X174 bacteriophage according to ISO 16604:2004 Procedure B. | ISO 374-5:2016 |
| Chemicals | <u>Performance</u> : Type A (AJKLNPT). <u>Permeation</u> : Extensively tested. Online chemical resistance guide on www.shieldscientific.com . <u>Degradation</u> : Tested for determination of resistance to degradation by chemicals. | ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018 EN 16523-1:2015+A1:2018 ISO 374-4:2019 |
| Radioactivity | Protection from radioactive contamination. | EN 421:2010 |
| Cytotoxic | Tested for permeation to potentially hazardous cancer chemotherapy drugs under conditions of continuous contact. | ASTM D6978-05 (2019) |
| ESD | Tested for electrostatic properties. | EN 1149-1/2/3 & 5 |
| Mechanical | Level 2 (Abrasion). | EN 388:2016+A1:2018 |

| ALLERGIES | |
|-------------------|---|
| Bio-compatibility | Demonstrated by skin irritation and sensitization tests in accordance with ISO 10993-10:2010. |
| Accelerators | Free of Thiazoles and Thiurams. These chemical accelerators are excluded from the manufacturing process. |
| Residual powder | Powder-free to minimize the potential consequences of powder-borne dermatitis. Residual powder content is 1.0 mg/glove (typical) with a limit of 2.0 mg/glove (ISO 21171:2006). |
| Latex protein | Latex-free. |