HANNA instruments

HI93730A-0 - Molybdenum Reagent A

Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier HI93730A-0 Code Product name Molybdenum Reagent A 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use Determination of Molybdenum in Water Samples. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name Hanna Instruments S.R.L. Full address str. Hanna Nr 1 District and Country 457260 loc. Nusfalau (Salaj) Romania Tel. +40 260607700 Fax +40 260607700 e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet msds@hanna.ro 1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to International: +1 7035273887 - UK, London: +44 2038073798 - CHEMTREC 24 hours/365 days SECTION 2. Hazards identification 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878 Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet. Hazard classification and indication: H373 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or category 2 repeated exposure. Serious eye damage, category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage. 2.2. Label elements Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements. Hazard pictograms: Signal words: Danger Hazard statements: H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye damage. H318 Precautionary statements: P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection. P280 P305+P351+P338

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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SECTION 2. Hazards iden	tification / >>		
P310	Immediately call a POIS	ON CENTER or doctor.	
Contains:	SUCCINIC ACID		
2.3. Other hazards			
On the basis of available da	ata, the product does not cont	tain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%	
The product does not conta	in substances with endocrine	e disrupting properties in concentration $\ge 0.1\%$.	
SECTION 3. Composition/info	rmation on ingredients		
3.2. Mixtures			
Contains:			
Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	
SUCCINIC ACID INDEX EC 203-740-4 CAS 110-15-6 EDTA DISODIUM SALT	50 ≤ x < 100	Eye Dam. 1 H318	
INDEX EC 205-358-3 CAS 6381-92-6 REACH Reg. 01-211948		Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT RE 2 H373 STA Inhalation mists/powders: 1,5 mg/l	
The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.			

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again. INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

SUCCINIC ACID Irritant effects, Diarrhoea, Nausea, Vomiting.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products. The product is combustible and, when the powder is released into the air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of a source of ignition, it can create explosive mixtures with air. Fires may start or get worse by leakage of the solid



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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures / >>

product from the container, when it reaches high temperatures or through contact with sources of ignition.

EDTA DISODIUM SALT

Combustible. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Fire may cause evolution of: nitrogen oxides.

SUCCINIC ACID

Combustible. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If there are no contraindications, spray powder with water to prevent the formation of dust. Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product and place it in containers for recovery or disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

			EDTA DI	SODIUM SALT				
Predicted no-effect conc	entration - Pl	NEC						
Normal value in fresh	n water					2,2	mg/l	
Normal value in mari	ne water					0,22	mg/l	
Normal value of STP	microorganis	sms				43	mg/l	
Normal value for the						0,72	mg/kg/d	
lealth - Derived no-effe	ct level - DNE	EL / DMEL						
	Effects on	consumers			Effects on wor	rkers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral	VND	25		-		-		
		mg/kg/d						
Inhalation	1,2	VND	0,6	VND	3	VND	1,5	VND
	mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3	
Normal value in fresh						0,1	mg/l	
Predicted no-effect conc	entration - Pl	NEC	000	CINIC ACID				
Normal value in fresh	n water					0,1	mg/l	
Normal value in mari						0,01	mg/l	
Normal value for fres						0,079	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for mar	ine water see	diment				0,008	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for wat	,					1	mg/l	
Normal value of STP						3	mg/l	
Normal value for the	terrestrial con	mpartment				0,018	mg/kg/d	
lealth - Derived no-effe								
Bonned no-che								
		EL / DMEL			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure		consumers Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Effects on wor Acute	rkers Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	Effects on Acute local	consumers Acute systemic	local	systemic			Chronic local	Chronic systemic
	Effects on Acute	consumers Acute		systemic 43	Acute	Acute		
Route of exposure	Effects on Acute local	consumers Acute systemic 67 mg/kg bw/d	local	systemic 43 mg/kg bw/d	Acute	Acute	local	systemic
Route of exposure	Effects on Acute local	consumers Acute systemic 67	local	systemic 43	Acute local 10	Acute systemic 10	local 10	systemic 10
Route of exposure Oral	Effects on Acute local VND	Acute Systemic 67 mg/kg bw/d 10 mg/m3	local VND	systemic 43 mg/kg bw/d	Acute local	Acute systemic	local	systemic 10 mg/m3
Route of exposure Oral	Effects on Acute local VND 10	consumers Acute systemic 67 mg/kg bw/d 10	local VND 10	systemic 43 mg/kg bw/d 10	Acute local 10	Acute systemic 10	local 10	systemic 10
Route of exposure Oral Inhalation	Effects on Acute local VND 10 mg/m3	Acute Systemic 67 mg/kg bw/d 10 mg/m3	local VND 10 mg/m3	systemic 43 mg/kg bw/d 10 mg/m3	Acute local 10 mg/m3	Acute systemic 10 mg/m3	local 10 mg/m3	systemic 10 mg/m3

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

During the risk assessment process, it is essential to take into consideration the ACGIH occupational exposure levels for inert particulate not otherwise classified (PNOC respirable fraction: 3 mg/m3; PNOC inhalable fraction: 10 mg/m3). For values above these limits, use a P type filter, whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the outcome of risk assessment.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (see standard EN 374). Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use a type P filtering facemask, whose class (1, 2 or 3) and effective need, must be defined according to the outcome of risk assessment



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

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(see standard EN 149).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	solid powder	
Colour	white	
Odour	odourless	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	not applicable	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	not applicable	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
рН	4.0 - 4.3	Method:ASTM D1293-18
		Concentration: 2.6 %
		Temperature: 25 °C
Kinematic viscosity	not available	
Solubility	soluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	not available	
Density and/or relative density	2,4	
Relative vapour density	not available	
Particle characteristics	not available	
9.2. Other information		
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard c	122222	
0.2.1. mornation with regard to physical hazard o		
Information not available		
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics		
Total polida (250°C / 482°E)	100.00 %	
Total solids (250°C / 482°F) Explosive properties	not applicable	
Oxidising properties	not applicable	
SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity		

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

SUCCINIC ACID

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. The following applies in general to flammable organic substances and mixtures: in correspondingly fine distribution, when whirled up a dust explosion potential may generally be assumed.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The powders are potentially explosive when mixed with air.

EDTA DISODIUM SALT

Violent reactions possible with: Strong oxidizing agents.

SUCCINIC ACID

Violent reactions possible with: strong oxidising agents, bases.

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid environmental dust build-up.

EDTA DISODIUM SALT

Strong heating.

SUCCINIC ACID

Strong heating. A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

10.5. Incompatible materials

EDTA DISODIUM SALT Aluminium, Copper, Copper alloys, Nickel, Zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

EDTA DISODIUM SALT

Skin irritation, Rabbit, Result: No irritation, (anhydrous substance) - Eye irritation, Rabbit, Result: No eye irritation, (anhydrous substance) - Sensitisation, Sensitisation possible in predisposed persons - Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity in vitro, Ames test, Salmonella typhimurium, Result: negative (anhydrous substance), Mouse lymphoma test, Result: negative, (anhydrous substance) - Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Target Organs: Respiratory Tract, May cause amage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure - Repeated dose toxicity, Rat male, Inhalation aerosol, 5 d daily, LOAEL: 0,03 mg/l, Target Organs: Lungs, larynx - Repeated dose toxicity, Rat male and female, Inhalation dust/mist, 90 d daily, NOAEL: 0,003 mg/l, Target Organs: larynx.

SUCCINIC ACID

Acute oral toxicity, Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Irritations of mucous membranes in the mouth, pharynx, oesophagus and gastrointestinal tract - Acute inhalation toxicity, Symptoms: Possible damages, mucosal irritations - Skin irritation, slight irritation - Eye irritation rabbit, Result: Severe irritations, Causes serious eye irritation.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture:	> 5 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
EDTA DISODIUM SALT	

EDTA DISODIUM SALT LD50 (Oral):

> 2800 mg/kg Rat

SUCCINIC ACID LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

2260 mg/kg Rat 1,284 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

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SECTION 11. Toxicologica		,	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE /	IRRITATION		
Causes serious eye damag	e		
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN S	SENSITISATION		
Does not meet the classification	ation criteria for this hazard class		
GERM CELL MUTAGENIC	ITY		
Does not meet the classification	ation criteria for this hazard class		
CARCINOGENICITY			
Does not meet the classifica	ation criteria for this hazard class		
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICIT	Y		
Does not meet the classification	ation criteria for this hazard class		
STOT - SINGLE EXPOSUR	RE		
Does not meet the classification	ation criteria for this hazard class		
STOT - REPEATED EXPO	SURE		
May cause damage to orga	ns		
ASPIRATION HAZARD			
Does not meet the classification	ation criteria for this hazard class		
11.2. Information on other haz	ards		
Based on the available data disruptors with human healt		ubstances listed in the main European lists o	f potential or suspected endocrine
SECTION 12. Ecologi	cal information		
Use this product according or contaminate soil or veget		littering. Inform the competent authorities, sl	hould the product reach waterways
12.1. Toxicity			
EDTA DISODIUM SALT Toxicity to bacteria, EC50 a	ctivated sludge: 403 mg/l, 3 h, - l	EC50 Pseudomonas putida: 56 mg/l, 8 h (an	hydrous substance).
EDTA DISODIUM SALT LC50 - for Fish	3.	20 mg/l/96h Poecilia Reticulata	
SUCCINIC ACID LC50 - for Fish		100 mg/l/96h Danio rerio	
EC50 - for Crustacea		100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna	
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability		
EDTA DISODIUM SALT Solubility in water	10	00 mg/l 20°C	
SUCCINIC ACID Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	>	10000 mg/l	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

@EPY 11.3.0 - SDS 1004.14

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SECTION 12. Ecological in	formation / >>				
SUCCINIC ACID Partition coefficient: n-octan	ol/water -0,59				
12.4. Mobility in soil					
Information not available					
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment				
On the basis of available da	ta, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.				
12.6. Endocrine disrupting prop	perties				
EDTA DISODIUM SALT Discharge into the environm	nent must be avoided.				
SUCCINIC ACID Biological effects: Harmful effect due to pH shift. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.					
Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.					
12.7. Other adverse effects					
Information not available					
SECTION 13. Dispose	al considerations				
13.1. Waste treatment methods					
Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.					
SECTION 14. Transpo	ort information				
The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.					
14.1. UN number or ID number					
not applicable					
14.2. UN proper shipping name					
not applicable					
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	is)				
not applicable					
14.4. Packing group					

not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%. Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

None

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017) WGK 2: Hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level



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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 03 / 08 / 09 / 11 / 12.