<b>HANNA</b> instruments
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HI93716-0 - Bromine Reagent

21/01/2023 on 21/01/2023 . 1 / 11 ad reion:3 (Dated 30/09/2020) EN

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier HI93716-0 Code Product name Bromine Reagent 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use Determination of Bromine in Water Samples. 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name Hanna Instruments S.R.L. Full address str. Hanna Nr 1 District and Country 457260 loc. Nusfalau (Salaj) Romania Tel. +40 260607700 Fax +40 260607700 e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet msds@hanna.ro 1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to Emergency Number - International: +1 7035273887 - UK, London: +44 8708200418 -CHEMTREC 24 hours/365 days SECTION 2. Hazards identification 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878 Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet. Hazard classification and indication: H332 Acute toxicity, category 4 Harmful if inhaled Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. category 1 2.2. Label elements Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements. Hazard pictograms: Signal words: Danger Hazard statements: H332 Harmful if inhaled. H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Precautionary statements: P260 Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor, if you feel unwell.

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The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### SECTION 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-PHENYLENEDIAMMONIUM SULFATE Irritant effects. The following applies to aromatic amines in general: systemic effect: methaemoglobinaemia with headache, cardiac dysrhythmia, drop in blood pressure, dyspnoea, and spasms, principal symptom: cyanosis (blue discolouration of the blood).

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.



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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures ... / >>

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products. The product is combustible and, when the powder is released into the air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of a source of ignition, it can create explosive mixtures with air. Fires may start or get worse by leakage of the solid product from the container, when it reaches high temperatures or through contact with sources of ignition.

#### EDTA DISODIUM SALT

Combustible. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Fire may cause evolution of: nitrogen oxides.

#### N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-PHENYLENEDIAMMONIUM SULFATE

Combustible. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Fire may cause evolution of: nitrous gases, nitrogen oxides, Sulphur oxides.

POTASSIUM IODIDE Hydrogen iodide, Potassium oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If there are no contraindications, spray powder with water to prevent the formation of dust. Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product and place it in containers for recovery or disposal. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

6.1C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available



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VND

1

mg/kg bw/d EN

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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR

България

TLV-ACGIH

НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.) АСGIH 2021

				EDTA DIS	SODIUM SALI				
Predicted no-effec	t concentratio	n - PNEC							
Normal value ir	n fresh water						2,2	mg/l	
Normal value in marine water							0,22	mg/l	
Normal value of STP microorganisms							43	mg/l	
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment							0,72	mg/kg/d	
Health - Derived n	o-effect level	- DNEL / DN	/IEL						
	Effe	cts on consu	mers			Effects on wo	orkers		
Route of expos	ure Acut	e Acu	ite	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	sys	temic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral	VND	) 25							
		mg/	′kg/d						
Inhalation	1,2	VN	D	0,6	VND	3	VND	1,5	VND
	mg/r	n3		mg/m3		mg/m3		mg/m3	
				POTASS	SIUM IODIDE				
Threshold Limit Va	alue								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / (	Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	5		_					
			0.01						

		0,01							
Predicted no-effect con	centration - F	PNEC							
Normal value in fres	h water					0,007	mg/l		
Normal value for fre	sh water sed	iment				0,007	mg/kg		
Normal value for wa	ter, intermitte	ent release				0,075	mg/l		
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - DN	EL / DMEL							
	Effects o	n consumers			Effects on w	vorkers			
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	
Oral			VND	0,01					
				mg/kg bw/d					
Inhalation			VND	0,035			VND	0,07	
				ma/m3				ma/m3	

1

mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

Skin

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

VND

During the risk assessment process, it is essential to take into consideration the ACGIH occupational exposure levels for inert particulate not otherwise classified (PNOC respirable fraction: 3 mg/m3; PNOC inhalable fraction: 10 mg/m3). For values above these limits, use a P type filter, whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the outcome of risk assessment.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (see standard EN 374). Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

EN

reactions.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use a type P filtering facemask, whose class (1, 2 or 3) and effective need, must be defined according to the outcome of risk assessment (see standard EN 149).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

#### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	powder	
Colour	ivorv	
Odour	odourless	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	not applicable	
Flammability	not flammable	
l ower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	not applicable	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
nH	58-62	Method ASTM D1293-18
b	0.0 0.2	Concentration: 1.5 %
		Temperature: 25 °C
Kinematic viscosity	not available	· •····p •· •····· =• =•
Solubility	soluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	not available	
Density and/or relative density	2.1	
Relative vapour density	not available	
Particle characteristics	not available	
9.2. Other information		
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard c	lasses	
Information not available		
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics		
Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	98,00 %	
Explosive properties	not applicable	
Oxidising properties	not applicable	
SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity		

### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-PHENYLENEDIAMMONIUM SULFATE Sensitive to moisture, Sensitivity to light.

#### POTASSIUM IODIDE

May decompose on exposure to air and moisture. Stable under recommended storage conditions.



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#### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ..../>>

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The powders are potentially explosive when mixed with air.

EDTA DISODIUM SALT

Violent reactions possible with: Strong oxidizing agents.

N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-PHENYLENEDIAMMONIUM SULFATE Violent reactions possible with: Strong oxidizing agents.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid environmental dust build-up.

EDTA DISODIUM SALT Strong heating.

N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-PHENYLENEDIAMMONIUM SULFATE Strong heating (decomposition).

POTASSIUM IODIDE Tin/tin oxides.

10.5. Incompatible materials

EDTA DISODIUM SALT Aluminium, Copper, Copper alloys, Nickel, Zinc.

#### POTASSIUM IODIDE

Strong reducing agents, Nickel, Strong acids, and its alloys, Steel (all types and surface treatments), Aluminum, Alkali metals, Brass, Magnesium, Zinc, cadmium, Copper.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

EDTA DISODIUM SALT

Skin irritation, Rabbit, Result: No irritation, (anhydrous substance) - Eye irritation, Rabbit, Result: No eye irritation, (anhydrous substance) - Sensitisation, Sensitisation possible in predisposed persons - Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity in vitro, Ames test, Salmonella typhimurium, Result: negative (anhydrous substance), Mouse lymphoma test, Result: negative, (anhydrous substance) - Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Target Organs: Respiratory Tract, May cause amage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure - Repeated dose toxicity, Rat male, Inhalation aerosol, 5 d daily, LOAEL: 0,03 mg/l, Target Organs: Lungs, larynx - Repeated dose toxicity, Rat male and female, Inhalation dust/mist, 90 d daily, NOAEL: 0,003 mg/l, Target Organs: larynx.

N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-PHENYLENEDIAMMONIUM SULFATE Acute inhalation toxicity, Symptoms: Irritation symptoms in the respiratory tract - Skin irritation, slight irritation - Sensitisation, Sensitisation possible in predisposed persons.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

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SECTION 11. Toxicological	information / >>			
ATE (Inhalation - mists / pow ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture	vders) of the mixture: :	> 5 mg/l >2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg		
EDTA DISODIUM S LD50 (Oral):	ALT	> 2800 mg/kg Rat		
N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-F STA (Dermal):	PHENYLENEDIAMMONIUM SUI	LFATE 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of An (figure used for calculation of the acute toxi	nex I of the CLP city estimate of the mixture)	
LD50 (Oral):		> 497 mg/kg Rat		
POTASSIUM IODID LD50 (Oral):	E	1000 mg/kg Mouse		
SKIN CORROSION / IRRIT	ATION			
Does not meet the classifica	tion criteria for this hazard class	3		
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / I	RRITATION			
Does not meet the classifica	tion criteria for this hazard class	3		
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN S	ENSITISATION			
Does not meet the classifica	tion criteria for this hazard class	3		
GERM CELL MUTAGENICI	TY			
Does not meet the classifica	tion criteria for this hazard class	3		
CARCINOGENICITY				
Does not meet the classifica	tion criteria for this hazard class	3		
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY	Y			
Does not meet the classifica	tion criteria for this hazard class	3		
STOT - SINGLE EXPOSUR	E			
Does not meet the classifica	tion criteria for this hazard class	3		
STOT - REPEATED EXPOS	SURE			
Causes damage to organs				
ASPIRATION HAZARD				
Does not meet the classifica	tion criteria for this hazard class	3		
11.2. Information on other haza	ards			
Based on the available data disruptors with human healt	, the product does not contain so h effects under evaluation.	ubstances listed in the main European lists of	potential or suspected endocrine	
SECTION 12. Ecologic	cal information			
Use this product according t or contaminate soil or veget	o good working practices. Avoid ation.	littering. Inform the competent authorities, sh	ould the product reach waterways	
12.1. Toxicity				
EDTA DISODIUM SALT Toxicity to bacteria, EC50 a	ctivated sludge: 403 mg/l, 3 h, -	EC50 Pseudomonas putida: 56 mg/l, 8 h (anh	nydrous substance).	
POTASSIUM IODIDE Toxicity to daphnia and othe	r aquatic invertebrates, EC50, E	Daphnia: 2,7 mg/l - 24 h.		

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SECTION 12. Ecological in	formation / >>				
EDTA DISODIUM SALT LC50 - for Fish		320 mg/l/96h Poecilia Reticulata			
POTASSIUM IODIDE LC50 - for Fish		2190 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss			
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability				
EDTA DISODIUM SALT Solubility in water		100 mg/l 20°C			
POTASSIUM IODIDE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable		> 10000 mg/l			
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	al				
N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-PHENYL Partition coefficient: n-octan	ENEDIAMMONIUM SULFATI ol/water, log Pow: 2.24 (calcu	E lated), (Lit.) Bioaccumulation is not expected.			
POTASSIUM IODIDE Partition coefficient: n-octan BCF	ol/water	-0,958 2,268			
12.4. Mobility in soil					
Information not available					
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvE	3 assessment				
On the basis of available da	ita, the product does not conta	ain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%			
12.6. Endocrine disrupting prop	perties				
EDTA DISODIUM SALT Discharge into the environm	nent must be avoided.				
N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-PHENYL Discharge into the environm	N,N-DIETHYL-1,4-PHENYLENEDIAMMONIUM SULFATE Discharge into the environment must be avoided.				
Based on the available data disruptors with environment	a, the product does not contair al effects under evaluation.	substances listed in the main European lists of	f potential or suspected endocrine		
12.7. Other adverse effects					
Information not available					
SECTION 13. Disposa	al considerations				
13.1. Waste treatment method	S				
Reuse, when possible. Prod should be evaluated accord Disposal must be performed CONTAMINATED PACKAG Contaminated packaging m	duct residues should be consid ing to applicable regulations. d through an authorised waste SING ust be recovered or disposed	dered special hazardous waste. The hazard level management firm, in compliance with national of in compliance with national waste manageme	el of waste containing this product and local regulations. ent regulations.		
SECTION 14. Transpo	ort information				
The product is not dangerou Rail (RID), of the Internation regulations.	us under current provisions of nal Maritime Dangerous Good	the Code of International Carriage of Dangerou s Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Trar	s Goods by Road (ADR) and by nsport Association (IATA)		
14.1. UN number or ID number	r				

not applicable

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SECTION 14. Transport inf	ormation … / >>						
14.2. UN proper shipping name	e						
not applicable							
14.3. Transport hazard class(e	s)						
not applicable							
14.4. Packing group							
not applicable	not applicable						
14.5. Environmental hazards							
not applicable							
14.6. Special precautions for u	ser						
not applicable							
14.7. Maritime transport in bull	caccording to IMO instruments						
Information not relevant							
SECTION 15. Regulat	ory information						
15.1. Safety, health and enviro	nmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture						
Seveso Category - Directive	e 2012/18/EU: None						
Restrictions relating to the p	product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 19	907/2006					
Point	75						
Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 not applicable	- on the marketing and use of explosives precursors						
Substances in Candidate Li On the basis of available da	st (Art. 59 REACH)						
Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None							
Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None							
Substances subject to the F	Rotterdam Convention:						
Substances subject to the S	Stockholm Convention:						
Healthcare controls Workers exposed to this che related to the workers' healt	emical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-ass h and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.	sessment data prove that the risks					
German regulation on the c WGK 1: Low hazard to wate	lassification of substances hazardous to water (AwSV, vom 18. April 2017) ers	_					
15.2. Chemical safety assessm	nent						
A chemical safety assessme	ent has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated ir	n section 3.					
SECTION 16. Other in	formation						
Text of hazard (H) indication	ns mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:						
Acute Tox. 4 STOT RE 1	Acute toxicity, category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1						

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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)



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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

EN

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition

- Handling Chemical Safety

- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)

- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website - ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02 / 03 / 09 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.