

User Guide

Amicon[®] Ultra-15 10K Centrifugal Filter Devices

for volumes up to 15 mL

UFC901008

UFC901024

UFC901096







Introduction

Amicon® Ultra-15 10K centrifugal filter devices provide fast ultrafiltration, with the capability for high concentration factors and easy concentrate recovery from dilute and complex sample matrices. The vertical design and available membrane surface area provide fast sample processing, high sample recovery (typically greater than 90% of dilute starting solution), and the capability for 80-fold concentration. Typical processing time is 15 to 40 minutes. Solute polarization and subsequent fouling of the membrane are minimized by the vertical design, and a physical deadstop in the filter device prevents spinning to dryness and potential sample loss. The concentrate is collected from the filter device sample reservoir using a pipettor, while the ultrafiltrate is collected in the provided centrifuge tube. The device can be spun in a swinging-bucket or fixed-angle rotor. Amicon® Ultra-15 10K devices are supplied non-sterile and are for single use only.

Intended Use

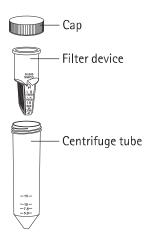
The Amicon® Ultra-15 product line includes 5 different cutoffs (Molecular Weight Cutoff, MWCO), however, the Amicon® Ultra-15 10K device (10,000 MWCO) is the only device intended for in vitro diagnostic use. It can be used to concentrate serum, urine, cerebrospinal fluid, and other body fluids prior to analysis. For information on other Amicon® Ultra-15 cutoffs, go to www.millipore.com and enter Amicon Ultra-15 in the search box.

Applications

- Concentration of biological samples containing antigens, antibodies, enzymes, nucleic acids (DNA/RNA samples, either single- or double-stranded), microorganisms, column eluates, and purified samples
- Purification of macromolecular components found in tissue culture extracts and cell lysates, removal
 of primer, linkers, or molecular labels from a reaction mix, and protein removal prior to HPLC
- Desalting, buffer exchange, or diafiltration

Materials Supplied

The Amicon® Ultra-15 10K device is supplied with a cap, a filter device, and a centrifuge tube.



Required Equipment

• Centrifuge with swinging-bucket or fixed-angle rotor with wells/carriers that can accommodate 50 mL tubes

CAUTION: To avoid damage to the device during centrifugation, check clearance before spinning.

• Pipettor with 200 microliter (μL) tip for concentrate recovery

Suitability

Preliminary recovery and retention studies are suggested to ensure suitability for intended use. See the "How to Quantify Recoveries" section.

Shelf Life

Shelf life is 3 years from date of manufacture. Refer to expiration date on package label.

Rinsing Before Use

The ultrafiltration membranes in Amicon® Ultra-15 10K devices contain trace amounts of glycerine. If this material interferes with analysis, rinse the device with buffer or Milli-Q® water before use. If interference continues, rinse with 0.1 N NaOH followed by a second spin of buffer or Milli-Q® water.

CAUTION: Do not allow the membrane in Amicon® Ultra filter devices to dry out once wet. If you are not using the device immediately after rinsing, leave fluid on the membrane until the device is used.

How to Use Amicon® Ultra-15 Centrifugal Filter Devices

- 1. Add up to 15 mL of sample (12 mL if using a fixed-angle rotor) to the Amicon® Ultra filter device.
- 2. Place capped filter device into centrifuge rotor; counterbalance with a similar device.
- 3. When using a swinging-bucket rotor, spin the device at $4,000 \times g$ maximum for approximately 15–40 minutes.

When using a fixed-angle rotor, orient the device with the membrane panel facing up and spin at $5,000 \times g$ maximum for approximately 15–40 minutes.

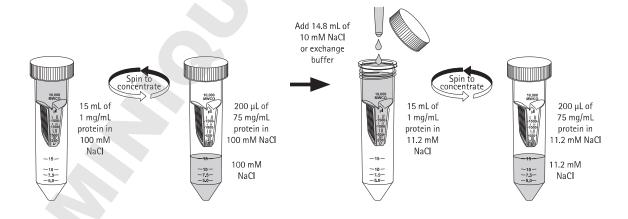
NOTE: Refer to Figure 1 and Table 1 for typical spin times.

4. To recover the concentrated solute, insert a pipettor into the bottom of the filter device and withdraw the sample using a side-to-side sweeping motion to ensure total recovery. The ultrafiltrate can be stored in the centrifuge tube.

NOTE: For optimal recovery, remove concentrated sample immediately after centrifugation.

Desalting or Diafiltration

Desalting, buffer exchange, or diafiltration are important methods for removing salts or solvents in solutions containing biomolecules. The removal of salts or the exchange of buffers can be accomplished in the Amicon® Ultra-15 device by concentrating the sample, then reconstituting the concentrate to the original sample volume with any desired solvent. The process of "washing out" can be repeated until the concentration of the contaminating microsolute has been sufficiently reduced. See example below.



Performance

Flow Rate

Factors affecting flow rate include sample concentration, starting volume, chemical nature of solute, relative centrifugal force, centrifuge rotor angle, membrane type, and temperature. Figure 1 and Table 1 can be used to estimate the time required to achieve a given volume of filtrate or concentrate. A typical spin time for a 15 mL sample is approximately 15 to 40 minutes. While most of the sample is filtered in the first 15 to 30 minutes of centrifugation, the lowest concentrate volume (100–150 μL) is reached after spinning for 15 to 40 minutes.

16.0 14.0 12.0 Filtrate Volume (mL) 10.0 8.0 ◆─Swinging-bucket rotor 6.0 ■ Fixed-angle rotor 4.0 2.0 0.0

Figure 1. Typical Filtrate Volume vs. Spin Time

Spin conditions: Swinging-bucket rotor (4,000 \times g, 15 mL starting volume), or fixed-angle rotor, $(5,000 \times g, 12 \text{ mL starting volume})$, room temperature. Protein marker used: Cytochrome c, n=6.

20

Spin time (min)

30

Concentrate volume (µL)

Table 1. Typical Concentrate Volume vs. Spin Time

10

Fixed-angle rotor Swinging-bucket rotor

| Spin time (min) | 4,000 x g 15 mL starting volume | 5,000 x g 12 mL starting volume | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| 10 | 668 | 994 | | |
| 20 | 219 | 273 | | |
| 30 | 145 | 159 | | |
| 40 | 146 | 101 | | |

Spin conditions: Room temperature.

Protein marker used: Cytochrome c, n=6 (mean value of 3 membrane lots). Shaded volumes were used for the calculation of protein recovery in Table 3.

Protein Retention and Concentrate Recovery

The membranes used in Amicon® Ultra devices are characterized by a molecular weight cutoff (MWCO); that is, their ability to retain molecules above a specified molecular weight. Solutes with molecular weights close to the MWCO may be only partially retained. Membrane retention depends on the solute's molecular size and shape. For most applications, molecular weight is a convenient parameter to use in assessing retention characteristics. For best results, use a membrane with a MWCO at least two times smaller than the molecular weight of the protein solute that one intends to concentrate. Refer to Table 2.

Table 2. Typical Retention of Protein Markers

| | Molecular | Device | % Retention | % Retention | Spin Time |
|------------------------------|-----------|--------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|
| Marker/Concentration | Weight | MWCO | Swinging-bucket | Fixed-angle | (min) |
| α-Chymotrypsinogen (1 mg/mL) | 25,000 | 10K | >95 | >95 | 30 |
| Cytochrome c (0.25 mg/mL) | 12,400 | | >95 | >95 | 30 |
| Vitamin B-12 (0.2 mg/mL) | 1,350 | | < 5 | <5 | 30 |

Spin Conditions: Swinging-bucket rotor $(4,000 \times g, 15 \text{ mL starting volume})$, or fixed-angle rotor, $(5,000 \times g, 12 \text{ mL starting volume})$, room temperature, n=6 (mean value of 3 membrane lots).

Factors that determine sample recovery include the nature of the protein solute relative to the device MWCO chosen, starting concentration, and concentration factor. Table 3 provides typical recoveries for Amicon® Ultra-15 10K device.

Table 3. Typical Concentrate Recovery

| | | | Concentrate Volume (µL) | | Concentration Factor (x) | | Concentrate Recovery (%) | |
|------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Marker/ Concentration | Device MWCO | Spin Time (min) | Swinging- bucket | Fixed- angle | Swinging- bucket | Fixed – angle | Swinging- bucket | Fixed- angle |
| Cytochrome c (0.25 mg/mL) | 10K | 20 | 219 | 273 | 71.4 | 44.8 | 95.9 | 95.1 |

Spin Conditions: Swinging-bucket rotor $(4,000 \times g, 15 \text{ mL starting volume})$, or fixed-angle rotor, $(5,000 \times g, 12 \text{ mL starting volume})$, room temperature, n=6 (mean value of 3 membrane lots). The shaded volumes were taken from Table 1.

Maximizing Sample Recovery

Low sample recovery in the concentrate may be due to adsorptive losses, over-concentration, or passage of sample through the membrane.

- Adsorptive losses depend upon solute concentration, its hydrophobic nature, temperature and time of contact with filter device surfaces, sample composition, and pH. To minimize losses, remove concentrated samples immediately after centrifugal spin.
- If the starting sample concentration is high, monitor the centrifugation process in order to avoid over-concentration of the sample. Over-concentration can lead to precipitation and potential sample loss.
- If the sample appears to be passing through the membrane, choose a lower MWCO Amicon® Ultra-15 device.

How to Quantify Recoveries

Calculate total recovery, percent concentrate recovery, and percent filtrate recovery using the method below. The procedure provides a close approximation of recoveries for solutions having concentrations up to roughly 20 mg/mL.

NOTE: Appropriate assay techniques include absorption spectrophotometry, radioimmunoassay, refractive index, and conductivity.

Direct Weighing Procedure

The density of most dilute proteins is nearly equal to the density of water (i.e., 1 g/mL). Using this property, the concentrate and filtrate volumes can be quantified by weighing them and converting the units from grams to milliliters. This technique is valid only for solutions with concentrations of approximately 20 mg/mL or less.

- 1. Before use, separately weigh the empty filter device, the centrifuge tube, and an empty tube for concentrate collection.
- 2. Fill filter device with solution and reweigh.
- 3. Assemble device and centrifuge per instructions.
- 4. Collect the concentrate with a pipettor and dispense it into the preweighed concentrate collection tube.
- 5. Remove the device from the centrifuge tube and weigh the centrifuge tube and concentrate collection tube
- 6. Subtract weight of empty device/tubes to calculate weights of starting material, filtrate, and concentrate.
- 7. Assay the starting material, filtrate, and concentrate to determine solute concentration.
- 8. Calculate recoveries using the weight/volume data and the measured concentrations as follows:

% concentrate recovery = 100
$$\times \frac{W_c \times C_c}{W_o \times C_o}$$

% filtrate recovery = 100
$$\times \frac{W_f \times C_f}{W_0 \times C_0}$$

% total recovery = % concentrate recovery + % filtrate recovery

 W_c = total weight of concentrate before assay

 W_0 = weight of original starting material

 W_f = weight of filtrate

 C_c = concentrate concentration

C_o = original starting material concentration

 C_f = filtrate concentration

Specifications

Maximum initial sample volume

Swinging-bucket 15.0 mL
Fixed-angle rotor 12.0 mL

Typical final concentrate volume 150–300 μL

Maximum relative centrifugal force

Swinging-bucket rotor $4,000 \times g$ Fixed-angle rotor $5,000 \times g$ Active membrane area 7.6 cm^2

Dimensions

Filter device in tube (capped)

Length: 119 mm (4.7 in.) Diameter: 33.5 mm (1.3 in.)

Filter device

Length: 72.0 mm (2.8 in.) Diameter: 29.7 mm (1.2 in.)

Materials of Construction

Filter device Copolymer styrene/butadiene

Membrane Ultracel® low binding regenerated cellulose

Filtrate tube Polypropylene
Filtrate cap and liner Polyethylene

Chemical Compatibility

Amicon® Ultra centrifugal devices are intended for use with biological fluids and aqueous solutions. Before use, check the sample for chemical compatibility with the device.

Table 4. Chemical Compatibility of Amicon® Ultra Filter Devices

| Acids | Concentration | | Concentration |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Acetic acid | ≤ 50%* | Phosphoric acid | ≤ 30% |
| Formic acid | ≤ 5%° | Sulfamic acid | ≤ 3% |
| Hydrochloric acid | ≤ 1.0 M | Sulfuric acid | ≤ 3% |
| Lactic acid | ≤ 50% | Trichloroacetic acid (TCA) | ≤ 10%* |
| Nitric acid | ≤ 10% | Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) | ≤30%* |
| Alkalis | | | |
| Ammonium hydroxide | ≤ 10% | Sodium hydroxide | ≤ 0.5 M |
| Alcohols | | | |
| n-Butanol | ≤ 70% | Isopropanol | ≤ 70% |
| Ethanol | ≤ 70% | Methanol | ≤ 60% |
| Detergents | | | |
| Alconox® detergent | ≤ 1 ⁰ / ₀ | Sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) | ≤ 0.1% |
| CHAPS detergent | ≤ 0.1% | Tergazyme® detergent | ≤ 1% |
| Lubrol® PX detergent | ≤ 0.1% | Triton® X-100 surfactant | ≤ 0.1% |
| Nonidet™ P-40 surfactant | ≤ 2% | Tween® 20 surfactant | ≤ 0.1% |
| Sodium deoxycholate | ≤ 5% | | |
| Organic solvents | | | |
| Acetone | not recommended | Ethyl acetate | not recommended |
| Acetonitrile | ≤ 20% | Formaldehyde | ≤ 5% |
| Benzene | not recommended | Pyridine | not recommended |
| Carbon tetrachloride | not recommended | Tetrahydrofuran | not recommended |
| Chloroform | not recommended | Toluene | not recommended |
| Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) | ≤ 5%* | | |
| Miscellaneous | | | |
| Ammonium sulfate | Saturated | Phenol | ≤ 1 ⁰ / ₀ |
| Diethyl pyrocarbonate | ≤0.2% | Phosphate buffer (pH 8.2) | ≤1 M |
| Dithiothreitol (DTT) | ≤0.1 M | Polyethylene glycol | ≤ 10% |
| Glycerine | ≤ 70% | Sodium carbonate | ≤ 20% |
| Guanidine HCI | ≤ 6 M | Tris buffer (pH 8.2) | ≤1 M |
| Imidazole | ≤ 100 mM | Urea | ≤8 M |
| Mercaptoethanol | ≤0.1 M | | |

^{*} Contact with this chemical may cause materials to leach out of the component parts. Solvent blanks are recommended to determine whether leachables represent potential assay interferences.

Product Labeling Symbols

The following table defines the symbols found on Amicon® Ultra-15 10K device labels.

| Symbol | Definition | Symbol | Definition |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|
| IVD | In vitro diagnostic medical device | <u></u> | Date of manufacture |
| REF | Catalogue number | | Manufacturer |
| (2) | Do not reuse | NON | Non-sterile product |
| \subseteq | Use-by date | CE | CE conformity marking |
| LOT | Batch code | | |

Product Ordering Information

This section lists the catalogue numbers for Amicon® Ultra Ultrafiltration Devices. See the Technical Assistance section for contact information. You can purchase these products on-line at www.millipore.com/products.

| Initial volume (mL) | Final concentrate volume (µL) | Product | Qty/pk | 3K | 10K | 30K | 50K | 100K |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 0.5 | 15–20 | Amicon® Ultra-0.5 device | 8 24 96 500 | UFC500308 UFC500324 UFC500396 UFC5003BK | UFC501008 UFC501024 UFC501096 UFC5010BK | UFC503008 UFC503024 UFC503096 UFC5030BK | UFC505008 UFC505024 UFC505096 UFC5050BK | UFC510008 UFC510024 UFC510096 UFC5100BK |
| Amicon® | Amicon® Ultra-0.5 Collection Tubes | | 96 | UFC50VL96 | | | | |
| 2 | 30–70 | Amicon® Ultra-2 device | 24 | UFC200324 | UFC201024 | UFC203024 | UFC205024 | UFC210024 |
| 4 | 50-100 | Amicon® Ultra-4 device | 8 24 96 | UFC800308 UFC800324 UFC800396 | UFC801008* UFC801024* UFC801096* | UFC803008 UFC803024 UFC803096 | UFC805008 UFC805024 UFC805096 | UFC810008 UFC810024 UFC810096 |
| 15 | 150–300 | Amicon® Ultra-15 device | 8 24 96 | UFC900308 UFC900324 UFC900396 | UFC901008* UFC901024* UFC901096* | UFC903008 UFC903024 UFC903096 | UFC905008 UFC905024 UFC905096 | UFC910008 UFC910024 UFC910096 |

^{*} Amicon® Ultra-4 and -15 10K devices are for in vitro diagnostic use. All other devices are for research use only.

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Standard Warranty

The applicable warranty for the products listed in this publication may be found at www.millipore.com/terms ("Conditions of Sale").





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